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Pre-Reading Activity: Word Search Puzzle

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s	s	E	R	G	N	0	С	M	I	L	I	T	A	R	Y	В	N	E	X

Puzzle Terms

administration advisors Air Force One budget Cabinet clemency Commander-in-Chief Congress Constitution department diplomacy election Electoral College employees enforcement executive branch federal agencies federal commissions foreign policy government head of state inauguration legislation Marine One military national security pardon presidency president ratification responsibility Secret Service **United States USDA** vested vice president Washington, D.C. White House

The Executive Branch

The power of the Executive Branch is vested in the President of the United States, who also acts as head of state and Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces. The President is responsible for implementing and enforcing the laws written by Congress and, to that end, appoints the heads of the federal agencies, including the Cabinet. The Vice President is also part of the Executive Branch, ready to assume the Presidency should the need arise.

The Cabinet and independent federal agencies are responsible for the day-to-day enforcement and administration of federal laws. These departments and agencies have missions and responsibilities as widely divergent as those of the Department of Defense and the Environmental Protection Agency, the Social Security Administration and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Including members of the armed forces, the Executive Branch employs more than 4 million Americans.

Questions

1. Which of the following is *not* true about the president?

- a. Acts as head of state
- b. Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces
- c. Power to change the Constitution through executive order
- d. Vested with the power of the Executive Branch

2.	Who is responsible	for the day-to-da	y
	enforcement and	administration o)1
	federal laws?		

3.	Approximately how many Americans are
	employed by the Executive Branch?

The President

The President is both the head of state and head of government of the United States of America, and Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces.

Under Article II of the Constitution, the President is responsible for the execution and enforcement of the laws created by Congress. Fifteen executive departments each led by an appointed member of the President's Cabinet — carry out the day-today administration of the federal government. They are joined in this by other executive agencies such as the CIA and Environmental Protection Agency, the heads of which are not part of the Cabinet, but who are under the full authority of the President. The President also appoints the heads of than 50 independent more federal commissions, such as the Federal Reserve Board or the Securities and Exchange Commission, as well as federal judges, ambassadors, and other federal offices. The Executive Office of the President (EOP) consists of the immediate staff to the President, along with entities such as the Office of Management and Budget and the Office United of the States Trade Representative.

The President has the power either to sign legislation into law or to veto bills enacted by Congress, although Congress may override a veto with a two-thirds vote of both houses. The Executive Branch conducts diplomacy with other nations, and the President has the power to negotiate and sign treaties, which also must be ratified by

two-thirds of the Senate. The President can issue executive orders, which direct executive officers or clarify and further existing laws. The President also has unlimited power to extend pardons and clemencies for federal crimes, except in cases of impeachment.

With these powers come several responsibilities, among them a constitutional requirement to "from time to time give to the Congress Information of the State of the Union. and recommend their to Consideration such Measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient." Although the President may fulfill this requirement in any way he or she chooses, Presidents have traditionally given a State of the Union address to a joint session of Congress each January (except in inaugural years) outlining their agenda for the coming year.

The Constitution lists only three qualifications for the Presidency — the President must be 35 years of age, be a natural born citizen, and must have lived in the United States for at least 14 years. And though millions of Americans vote in a presidential election every four years, the President is not, in fact, directly elected by the people. Instead, on the first Tuesday in November of every fourth year, the people elect the members of the Electoral College. Apportioned by population to the 50 states

— one for each member of their congressional delegation (with the District of Columbia receiving 3 votes) — these Electors then cast the votes for President. There are currently 538 electors in the Electoral College.

President Barack Obama is the 44th President of the United States. He is, however, only the 43rd person ever to serve as President; President Grover Cleveland served two nonconsecutive terms, and thus is recognized as both the 22nd and the 24th President. Today, the President is limited to two four-year terms, but until the 22nd Amendment to the Constitution, ratified in 1951, a President could serve an unlimited number of terms. Franklin Delano Roosevelt was elected President four times, serving from 1932 until his death in 1945; he is the only President ever to have served more than two terms

By tradition, the President and the First Family live in the White House in Washington, D.C., also the location of the President's Oval Office and the offices of the his senior staff. When the President travels by plane, his aircraft is designated Air Force One; he may also use a Marine Corps helicopter, known as Marine One while the President is on board. For ground travel, the President uses an armored Presidential limousine.

Questions

4.	Under what part of the Constitution is the president responsible for the execution and enforcement of the laws created by Congress?
5.	How many executive departments are there?
6.	Name two executive agencies.
7.	Name two independent federal commissions.

8.	Describe the annual State of the Union address.	you believe are needed for a person to be elected to the presidency.
Q	Which of the following is <i>not</i> a	
٦.	qualification for the presidency?	
	a. A natural-born citizen	
	b. At least 35 years of age	
	c. Residency in the United States for	
	at least 14 years	
	d. Veteran of the armed forces	
10	. Although the Constitution lists only three	
	legal qualifications for the presidency,	11. Who casts the votes for president?
	the reality of a candidate getting elected	
	in another matter. Based on your	
	knowledge of the current president and	
	past presidents, list and describe at least	
	three additional factors or qualities that	

12.	Name the 44th president of the United States.
13.	What president served two nonconsecutive terms?
14.	What president was elected four times?
15.	Where does the president live?

The Vice President

The primary responsibility of the Vice President of the United States is to be

ready at a moment's notice to assume the Presidency if the President is unable to perform his duties. This can be because of the President's death, resignation, or temporary incapacitation, or if the Vice President and a majority of the Cabinet judge that the President is no longer able to discharge the duties of the presidency.

The Vice President is elected along with the President by the Electoral College — each elector casts one vote for President and another for Vice President. Before the ratification of the 12th Amendment in 1804, electors only voted for President, and the person who received the second greatest number of votes became Vice President.

The Vice President also serves as the President of the United States Senate, where he or she casts the deciding vote in the case of a tie. Except in the case of tiebreaking votes, the Vice President rarely actually presides over the Senate. Instead, the Senate selects one of their own members, usually junior members of the majority party, to preside over the Senate each day.

Joseph R. Biden is the 47th Vice President of the United States. Of the 45 previous Vice Presidents, nine have succeeded to the Presidency, and four have been elected to the Presidency in their own right. The duties of the Vice President, outside of those enumerated in the

Constitution, are at the discretion of the	
current President. Each Vice President	
approaches the role differently — some take	
on a specific policy portfolio, others serve	
simply as a top adviser to the President.	
The Vice President has an office in	
the West Wing of the White House, as well	17. Describe the 12th Amendment (1804).
as in the nearby Eisenhower Executive	
Office Building. Like the President, he also	
maintains an official residence, at the United	
States Naval Observatory in Northwest	
Washington, D.C. This peaceful mansion,	
has been the official home of the Vice	
President since 1974 — previously, Vice	
Presidents had lived in their own private	
residences. The Vice President also has his	
own limousine, operated by the United	
States Secret Service, and flies on the same	
aircraft the President uses — but when the	18. The vice president serves as the
Vice President is aboard, the craft are	president of the United States Senate.
referred to as Air Force Two and Marine	a. True
Two.	b. False
Questions	19. Name the 47 th vice president.
16. What is the primary responsibility of the	
vice president?	
	20. Where does the vice president live?

Executive Office of the President

Every day, the President of the United States is faced with scores of decisions, each with important consequences for America's future. To provide the President with the support the he or she needs to govern effectively, the Executive Office of the President (EOP) was created in 1939 by President Franklin D. Roosevelt. The EOP has responsibility for tasks ranging communicating from the President's message to the American people to promoting our trade interests abroad.

The EOP, overseen by the White House Chief of Staff, has traditionally been home to many of the President's closest advisers. While Senate confirmation is required for some advisers, such as the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, most are appointed with full Presidential discretion. The individual offices that these advisors oversee have grown in size and number since the EOP Some were formed by created. was Congress, others as the President has needed them — they are constantly shifting as each President identifies his needs and priorities, with the current EOP employing over 1,800 people.

Perhaps the most visible parts of the EOP are the White House Communications

Office and Press Secretary's Office. The Press Secretary provides daily briefings for the media on the President's activities and agenda. Less visible to most Americans is the National Security Council, which advises the President on foreign policy, intelligence, and national security.

There are also a number of offices responsible for the practicalities of maintaining the White House and providing logistical support for the President. These include the White House Military Office, which is responsible for services ranging from Air Force One to the dining facilities, and the Office of Presidential Advance, which prepares sites remote from the White House for the President's arrival.

Many senior advisors in the EOP work near the President in the West Wing of the White House. However, the majority of the staff is housed in the Eisenhower Executive Office Building, just a few steps away and part of the White House compound.

Questions

21. Who created the Executive Office	oī	the
President (EOP) in 1939?		

22. Who oversees the EOP?	The Cabinet				
	The Cabinet is an advisory body made up of the heads of the 15 executive				
22 Wilest annualization of the second for the second	departments. Appointed by the President and				
23. What organization advises the president	confirmed by the Senate, the members of the				
on foreign policy, intelligence, and	Cabinet are often the President's closest				
national security?	confidants. In addition to running major				
	federal agencies, they play an important role				
	in the Presidential line of succession — after				
	the Vice President, Speaker of the House,				
	and Senate President pro tempore, the line of				
24. Imagine that the president had no one to	succession continues with the Cabinet				
help him/her with fulfilling the duties of	offices in the order in which the departments				
the presidency. What difficulties might	were created. All the members of the				
this pose? Explain your answer.	Cabinet take the title Secretary, excepting				
	the head of the Justice Department, who is				
 	styled Attorney General.				
	Questions				
	25. What is the Cabinet?				
	26. The head of the Justice Department is styled (called) what?				

Department of Agriculture

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) develops and executes policy on farming, agriculture, and food. Its aims include meeting the needs of farmers and ranchers, promoting agricultural trade and production, assuring food safety, protecting natural resources, fostering rural communities, and ending hunger in America and abroad.

The USDA employs more than 100,000 employees and has an annual budget of approximately \$95 billion. It consists of 17 agencies, including the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, the Food and Nutrition Service, and the Forest Service. The bulk of the department's budget goes towards mandatory programs that provide services required by law, such as programs designed to provide nutrition assistance, promote agricultural exports, and conserve our environment. The USDA also plays an important role in overseas aid programs by providing surplus foods to developing countries.

The United States Secretary of Agriculture administers the USDA.

Questions

27. What is the job of the USDA?

28.	How does the USDA play an importan
	role in overseas aid programs?

Department of Commerce

The Department of Commerce is the government agency tasked with improving living standards for all Americans by promoting economic development and technological innovation.

The department supports U.S. business and industry through a number of services, including gathering economic and demographic data, issuing patents and trademarks, improving understanding of the environment and oceanic life, and ensuring the effective use of scientific and technical resources. The agency also formulates

telecommunications and technology policy, and promotes U.S. exports by assisting and enforcing international trade agreements.

The Secretary of Commerce oversees a \$6.5 billion budget and approximately 38,000 employees.

the

is

Department

Questions

29 With what

	Commerce tasked?
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_	
_	
	Iow does the Department of Commerc
	Iow does the Department of Commercromote U.S. exports?
	-

Department of Defense

The mission of the Department of Defense (DOD) is to provide the military

forces needed to deter war and to protect the security of our country. The department's headquarters is at the Pentagon.

The DOD consists of the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, as well as many agencies, offices, and commands, including the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Pentagon Force Protection Agency, the National Security Agency, and the Defense Intelligence Agency. The DOD occupies the vast majority of the Pentagon building in Arlington, VA.

The Department of Defense is the largest government agency, with more than 1.3 million men and women on active duty, nearly 700,000 civilian personnel, and 1.1 million citizens who serve in the National Guard and Reserve forces. Together, the military and civilian arms of DOD protect national interests through war-fighting, providing humanitarian aid, and performing peacekeeping and disaster relief services.

Questions

31. V	What is the n	nission o	f the De	partment o	f
Ι	Defense (DO	D)?			
_					_
_		 			_
_					_
_					_
_					_

32. The Department of Defense's	in a global economy by fostering			
headquarters is at the	educational excellence and ensuring equal			
a. Eisenhower Building	access to educational opportunity.			
b. Pentagon	The Department administers federal			
c. Smithsonian	financial aid for education, collects data on			
d. White House	America's schools to guide improvements in			
	education quality, and works to complement			
33. Imagine that the DOD did not exist.	the efforts of state and local governments,			
What problems might this pose? Explain	parents, and students.			
your answer.	The U.S. Secretary of Education			
	oversees the Department's 4,200 employees			
	and \$68.6 billion budget.			
	Questions 34. What is the mission of the Department of			
				
	Education?			
	<u></u>			
	35. The Department of Education provides			

Department of Education

The mission of the Department of Education is to promote student achievement and preparation for competition

35. The Department of Education provides funds that allow many students, who could not otherwise afford college tuition, the opportunity to attend an institution of higher learning. For example, each year, over 5 million students receive a Pell Grant. What are

government providing so much money to educate its citizens? research to further the goal of competitiveness and improving of life for Americans.	discovery and
innovation — ensuring Americ competitiveness and improving of life for Americans.	•
competitiveness and improving of life for Americans.	on oconomic
of life for Americans.	an economic
	g the quality
The DOE is also tasked v	with ensuring
America's nuclear security,	and with
protecting the environment by	providing a
responsible resolution to the	e legacy of
nuclear weapons production.	
The United States S	Secretary of
Energy oversees a budget of a	pproximately
\$23 billion and more than 100	0,000 federal
and contract employees.	
Question	
· 	
36. What is the mission of the D	Department of
Energy (DOE)?	
partment of Energy	

Dei

The mission of the Department of Energy (DOE) is to advance the national, economic, and energy security of the United States.

The DOE promotes America's energy security by encouraging the development of

Department of Health and Human Services

The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is the United States government's principal agency for protecting

the health of all Americans and providing essential human services, especially for those who are least able to help themselves. Agencies of HHS conduct health and social science research, work to prevent disease outbreaks, assure food and drug safety, and provide health insurance.

In addition to administering Medicare and Medicaid, which together provide health insurance to one in four Americans, HHS also oversees the National Institutes of Health, the Food and Drug Administration, and the Centers for Disease Control.

The Secretary of Health and Human Services oversees a budget of approximately \$700 billion and approximately 65,000 employees. The Department's programs are administered by 11 operating divisions, including 8 agencies in the U.S. Public Health Service and 3 human services agencies.

Question

37	. What	two	agenci	es t	ogethe	r pr	ovide
	health	ins	urance	to	one	in	four
	Ameri	cans?					

Department of Homeland Security

The missions of the Department of Homeland Security are to prevent and disrupt terrorist attacks: protect the American people, our critical infrastructure, and key resources; and respond to and recover from incidents that do occur. The third largest Cabinet department, DHS was established by the Homeland Security Act of 2002, largely in response to the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001. The new consolidated department 22 executive branch agencies, including the U.S. Customs Service, the U.S. Coast Guard, the U.S. Secret Service, the Transportation Security Administration, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

DHS employs 216,000 people in its mission to patrol borders, protect travelers and our transportation infrastructure, enforce immigration laws, and respond to disasters and emergencies. The agency also promotes preparedness and emergency prevention among citizens. Policy is coordinated by the Homeland Security Council at the White House, in cooperation with other defense and intelligence agencies, and led by the

Assistant to the President for Homeland	
Security.	
Questions	
38. Which of the following is <i>not</i> a mission of the Department of Homeland	
Security? a. Prevent and disrupt terrorist attacks b. Protect the American people, critical infrastructure, and key resources c. Respond to and recover from incidents that do occur d. Wage war against enemy foreign governments 39. The Homeland Security Act (2002) was	41. Following the death of Osama bin Laden and a decline in Al Qaeda activities, many Americans have called for the disbandment of the Department of Homeland Security, or at least a reduction in its size and power. Do you believe that reducing the size and power of this department, or disbanding this department altogether, is a good idea? Why or why not?
40. Name five executive branch agencies that were consolidated into the Department of Homeland Security.	

Offices within HUD include the Federal Housing Administration, which provides mortgage and loan insurance; the Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity, which ensures all Americans equal access to the housing of their choice; and the Community Development Block Grant Program, which helps communities with economic development, iob opportunities, and housing rehabilitation. HUD also administers public housing and homeless assistance.

The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development oversees approximately 9,000 employees on a budget of approximately \$40 billion.

Department of Housing and Urban Development

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is the federal agency responsible for national policies and programs that address America's housing needs, that improve and develop the nation's communities, and that enforce fair housing laws. The Department plays a major role in supporting homeownership for lower- and moderate-income families through its rent subsidy mortgage insurance and programs.

Questions

2. For	what is the	Department of	Housing
and	Urban	Development	(HUD)
resp	onsible?		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			
			
			

43. What HUD office helps communities with economic development, job opportunities, and housing rehabilitation?	The Secretary of the Interior oversees about 70,000 employees and 200,000 volunteers on a budget of approximately \$16 billion. Every year it raises billions in revenue from energy, mineral, grazing, and timber leases, as well as recreational permits and land sales.
	Questions
Department of the Interior	44. What is the mission of the Department of the Interior (DOI)?
The Department of the Interior (DOI) is the nation's principal conservation agency. Its mission is to protect America's natural resources, offer recreation opportunities, conduct scientific research, conserve and protect fish and wildlife, and honor our trust responsibilities to American Indians,	
Alaskan Natives, and our responsibilities to island communities. DOI manages 500 million acres of	
surface land, or about one-fifth of the land in the United States, and manages hundreds of dams and reservoirs. Agencies within the	45. What percentage of land in the United States is managed by the DOI?
DOI include the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Minerals Management Service, and the U.S. Geological Survey. The DOI manages the national parks and is tasked with protecting endangered species.	

6. Name three agencies within the DOI.	and occasionally appears in person before
	the Supreme Court.
	With a budget of approximately \$25
	billion, the DOJ is the world's largest law
	office and the central agency for the
	enforcement of federal laws.
	Questions

Department of Justice

The mission of the Department of Justice (DOJ) is to enforce the law and defend the interests of the United States according to the law; to ensure public safety against threats foreign and domestic; to provide federal leadership in preventing and controlling crime; to seek just punishment for those guilty of unlawful behavior; and to ensure fair and impartial administration of justice for all Americans.

The DOJ is comprised of 40 component organizations, including the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the U.S. Marshals, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons. The Attorney General is the head of the DOJ and chief law enforcement officer of the federal government. The Attorney General represents the United States in legal matters, advises the President and the heads of the executive departments of the government,

47. Which of the following is *not* a mission of the Department of Justice (DOJ)?

- a. Enforce the law and defend the interests of the United States according to the law
- b. Ensure public safety against threats foreign and domestic
- c. Oversee the imposition of martial law in foreign countries
- d. Seek just punishment for those guilty of unlawful behavior

48.	Name	four	compo	nent	organiz	ations	of
	the DO	J.					
			 				

The Execut	tive Branch
49. Who is the head of the DOJ?	Administration, which promotes the safety and health of America's working men and
	women.
	The Secretary of Labor oversees
	15,000 employees on a budget of
	approximately \$50 billion.
Department of Labor	Questions
The Department of Labor oversees	50. What does the Department of Labor
federal programs for ensuring a strong	oversee?
American workforce. These programs	
address job training, safe working	
conditions, minimum hourly wage and	
overtime pay, employment discrimination,	
and unemployment insurance.	
The Department of Labor's mission is	
to foster and promote the welfare of the job	51. What is the federal government's
seekers, wage earners, and retirees of the	principal statistics agency for labor
United States by improving their working	economics?
conditions, advancing their opportunities for	
profitable employment, protecting their	
retirement and health care benefits, helping	
employers find workers, strengthening free	
collective bargaining, and tracking changes	
in employment, prices, and other national	52. What office promotes the safety and
economic measurements.	health of America's working men and
Offices within the Department of	women?
Labor include the Bureau of Labor	
Statistics, the federal government's principal	
statistics agency for labor economics, and	

&

Health

Safety

Occupational

the

Department of State

The Department of State plays the lead role in developing and implementing the President's foreign policy. Major responsibilities include United States representation abroad, foreign assistance, foreign military training programs, countering international crime, and a wide assortment of services to U.S. citizens and foreign nationals seeking entrance to the U.S.

The U.S. maintains diplomatic relations with approximately 180 countries— each posted by civilian U.S. Foreign Service employees— as well as with international organizations. At home, more than 5,000 civil employees carry out the mission of the Department.

The Secretary of State serves as the President's top foreign policy adviser, and oversees 30,000 employees and a budget of approximately \$35 billion.

Questions

- 53. The Department of State plays the lead role in developing and implementing the president's domestic policy.
 - a. True
 - b. False

54.	The	United	Sta	ites	main	ıtains	diplo	matic	
	relat	ions w	ith a	ıppr	oxim	ately	how	many	
	coun	tries?							
55.	Who	Who serves as the president's top foreign							
	polic	y advis	ser?						

Department of Transportation

The mission of the Department of Transportation (DOT) is to ensure a fast, safe, efficient, accessible and convenient transportation system that meets our vital national interests and enhances the quality of life of the American people.

Organizations within the DOT include the Federal Highway Aviation Administration. the Federal Administration, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, the Federal Transit Administration, the Federal Railroad

Administration and the Maritime	
Administration.	
The U.S. Secretary of Transportation	
oversees approximately 55,000 employees	
and a budget of approximately \$70 billion.	
	Department of the Treasury
Questions	
	The Department of the Treasury is
56. What is the mission of the Department of	responsible for promoting economic
Transportation (DOT)?	prosperity and ensuring the soundness and
	security of the U.S. and international
	financial systems.
	The Department operates and
	maintains systems that are critical to the
	nation's financial infrastructure, such as the
	production of coin and currency, the
	disbursement of payments to the American
	public, the collection of taxes, and the
	borrowing of funds necessary to run the
	federal government. The Department works
	with other federal agencies, foreign
	governments, and international financial
	institutions to encourage global economic
	growth, raise standards of living, and, to the
	extent possible, predict and prevent
	economic and financial crises. The Treasury
57. Name three organizations within the	Department also performs a critical and far-
DOT.	reaching role in enhancing national security
	by improving the safeguards of our financial
	systems, implementing economic sanctions
	against foreign threats to the U.S., and

identifying and targeting the financial

support networks of national security threats.

The Secretary of the Treasury oversees a budget of approximately \$13 billion and a staff of more than 100,000 employees.

58. The Department of the Treasury is

Questions

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.How	does	the	Depa	artment	of	th
	4	ance	nation	al secur	ity?	
Treasu	ury enh					
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Department of Veterans Affairs

The Department of Veterans Affairs is responsible for administering benefit programs for veterans, their families, and their survivors. These benefits include pension, education, disability compensation, home loans, life insurance, vocational rehabilitation, survivor support, medical care, and burial benefits. Veterans Affairs became a cabinet-level department in 1989.

Of the 25 million veterans currently alive, nearly three of every four served during a war or an official period of hostility. About a quarter of the nation's population — approximately 70 million people — are potentially eligible for V.A. benefits and services because they are veterans, family members, or survivors of veterans.

The Secretary of Veterans Affairs oversees a budget of approximately \$90 billion and a staff of approximately 235,000 employees.

Questions

60. The	Department	of	Veterans	Affairs	15				
responsible for what?									
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The Executive Branch 61. Approximately how many veterans are currently alive? 62. About how many Americans are potentially eligible for V.A. benefits? Post-Reading Activity: Matching Write the letter of the corresponding answer in the space provided. 1. Advisory body made up of the heads of the 15 executive departments 2. ____ Commander-in-Chief 3. Elected president four times 4. Headquarters of the Department of Defense 5. Includes the DEA and FBI 6. ____ President of the U.S. Senate 7. _____ President's home 8. _____ Protects America's natural resources 9. ____ Served two nonconsecutive terms 10. Vote for the president A. Cabinet F. Justice Department B. DOI G. Pentagon C. Electors H. President D. Franklin D. Roosevelt I. Vice president

J. White House

E. Grover Cleveland

Post-Reading Activity: Five-Paragraph Essay Question

For instructions on how to craft a five-paragraph essay, click here:

 $\underline{http://www.studenthandouts.com/Assortment-01/Graphic-Organizers/Five-Paragraph-Essay-Organizer-Instructions.html}$ Which executive agency do you believe is the most important, and why?

Click here for the answer key:

http://www.studenthandouts.com/CurrClick/Answer-Keys/00057-The-Executive-Branch.htm

Click here for our five-paragraph essay organizer:

http://www.studenthandouts.com/Assortment-01/Graphic-Organizers/Five-Paragraph-Essay-Organizer-Instructions.html

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Do you have a comment or suggestion? Please email us with your thoughts: studenthandouts@gmail.com

